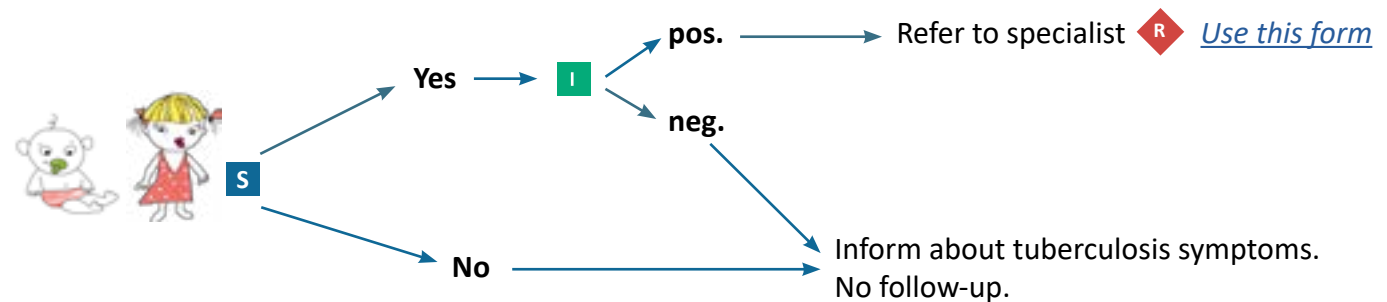


All refugees and asylum seekers, and everyone from [countries with a high incidence of tuberculosis](#), who will stay in Norway for more than three months, must have a tuberculosis examination, according to the [Tuberculosis Regulations](#).

Children ≤ 9 years

The mandatory screening consists of questions for parents:

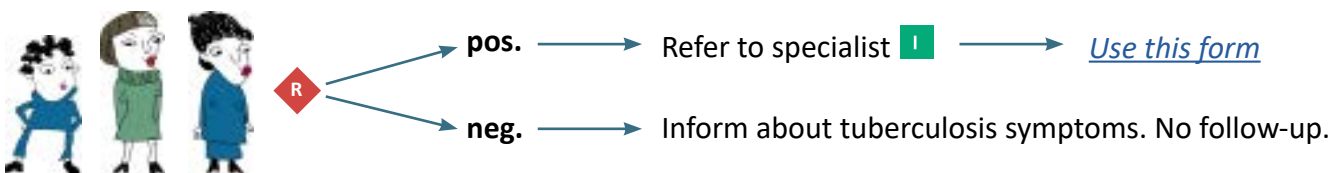
Does the child come from a country with a [particularly high incidence](#), or do the parents suspect exposure?



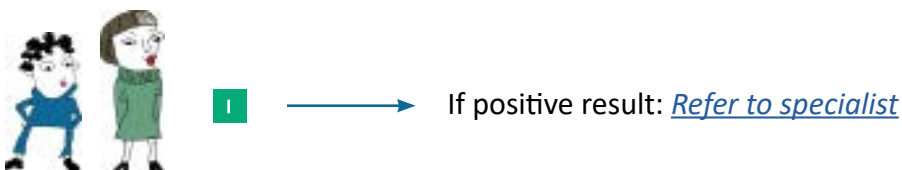
- If the IGRA is difficult to take (e.g., from infants under 6 months or from children with special needs), use a [checklist](#) instead.
- An [information sheet](#) has been prepared in various languages to help when examining children.

Adults and children ≥ 10 years

Everyone in this age group who must have a tuberculosis examination:



In addition to a chest X-ray, for newly individuals aged 10 through 34 years, from countries with a particularly high incidence:



Key:

I I = IGRA (QFT or T-spot) **R** R = x-ray thorax **S** S = Questions to parents

General information about the examination:

A positive X-ray means "suspected active tuberculosis" or "possible tuberculosis-related finds" as explained in [table 8.1](#). A positive X-ray must be followed by a sputum examination. With symptoms of pulmonary tuberculosis, refer for immediate treatment.

- X-rays can be taken by pregnant women.
- The tuberculosis examination and associated travel must be free of charge for the person who must be examined.
- No restriction on activity while waiting for screening results for this group.